



CROYEZ Beta-galactosidase mRNA information

Beta-galactosidase mRNA information

mRNA Length:	3443 nt
Cap Structure:	Cap 1
Modified Bases:	Optional N1-Me-pUTP (N1-mψ) to increase stability and reduce immunogenicity
Purity:	by FPLC analysis

β-Galactosidase is a glycoside hydrolase enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of terminal, non-reducing β-D-galactose residues in β-D-galactosides.

The β-D-galactosidase assay is widely used in genetics, molecular biology, and other life science fields. The activity of β-galactosidase can be detected using X-gal, a synthetic substrate that produces a characteristic blue dye upon cleavage by the enzyme.

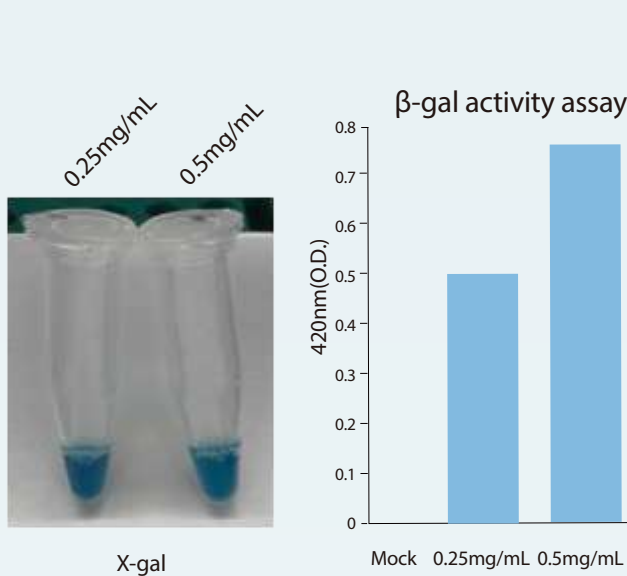


Fig.1 After 24 h beta-gal mRNA transfection, 293 T lysates were collected and analyzed beta-galactosidase activity determined by X-gal assay. The 100 mL lysate was incubated with 0.25 mg/mL and 0.5 mg/mL X-gal for 18h.

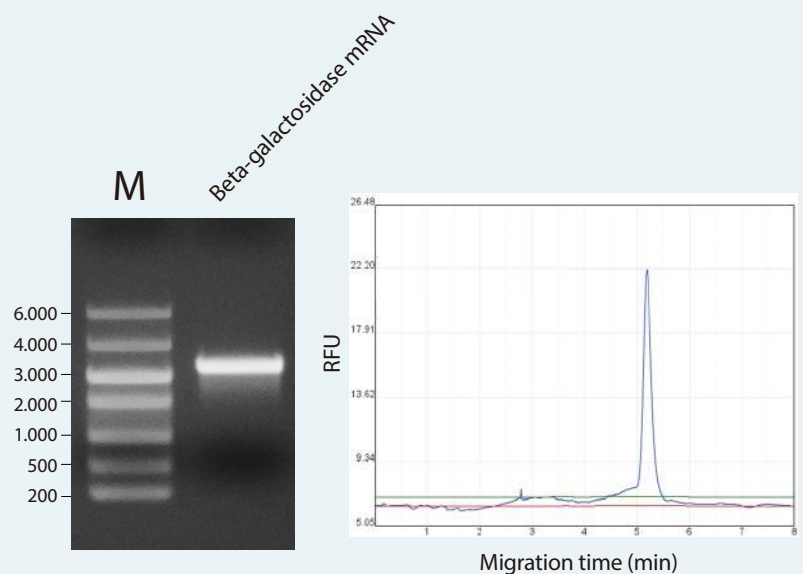


Fig.2 1 μL Beta-galactosidase mRNA , 65°C, 15 min, 1% TAE agarose gel, 110 V 30 min.

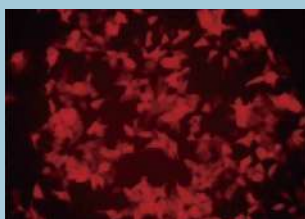
Fig.3 Beta-galactosidase mRNA was analyzed by capillary electrophoresis

Endosafe mRNA Transfection kit

Cat no: C15053K01/C15053-K02

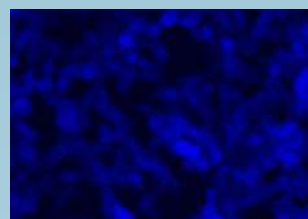
Features

- Low Toxicity
- Easy Protocol
- Compatibility
- High Efficiency



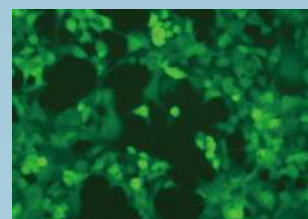
mCherry mRNA(m1ψ)

CR00020



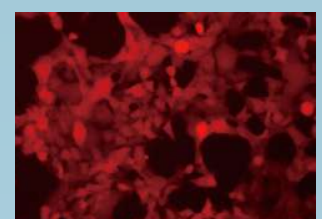
BFP mRNA

CR00022



GFP mRNA(m1ψ)

CR00015



tdTomato mRNA(m1ψ)

CR00028

