

PRODUCT INFORMATION

VEGF165 (Vascular endothelial growth factor 165), Mouse

v. 231101

Catalog number	C02072-5UG / C02072-20UG / C02072-100UG
Package	5 μg / 20 μg / 100 μg
Description	Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), originally known as vascular permeability factor (VPF), is a signal protein produced by cells that stimulates the formation of blood vessels. VEGF is required during embryogenesis to regulate the proliferation, migration, and survival of endothelial cells. In adults, VEGF functions mainly in wound healing and the female reproductive cycle. Pathologically, it is involved in tumor angiogenesis and vascular leakage. Circulating VEGF levels correlate with disease activity in autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis and systemic lupus erythematosus. VEGF is induced by hypoxia and cytokines such as IL-1, IL-6, IL-8, oncostatin M and TNF-alpha.
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	MAPTTEGEQKSHEVIKFMDVYQRSYCRPIETLVDIFQEYPDEIEYIFKPSCVPLM RCAGCCNDEALECVPTSESNITMQIMRIKPHQSQHIGEMSFLQHSRCECRPKK DRTKPENHCEPCSERRKHLFVQDPQTCKCSCKNTDSRCKARQLELNERTCRC DKPRR with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in HUVEC cells. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is <3 ng/mL.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 200 $\mu g/mL$ and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	This product is stable after storage at: - 20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. - 20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.





SDS-PAGE analysis of recombinant mouse VEGF165

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