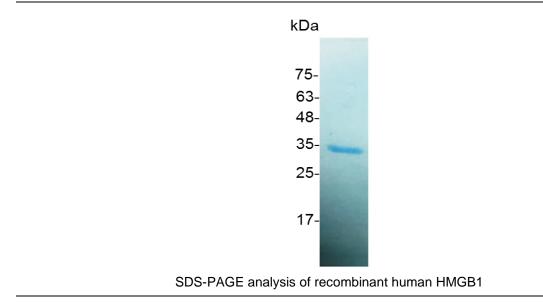


HMGB1 (High mobility group box 1), Human

v. 231001

Catalog number	C01082-5UG / C01082-20UG / C01082-100UG
Package	5 µg / 20 µg / 100 µg
Description	HMGB1 is present in the nuclei (chromatin associated) and cytoplasm of all cells and is a highly conserved protein in variety of species that. In the cytoplasm, HMGB1 is a regulator of autophagy, enhances cell survival, and limits apoptosis. It also can reduces protein aggregation caused by heat or chemical stress. HMGB1 is released to the extracellular milieu by inflammatory cells and by necrotic and apoptotic cells. Once released, it works as an inflammatory cytokine.HMGB1 is also secreted by macrophages and monocytes as a late response to LPS, TNF- α , IL-1 β , or IFN- γ .
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	MGKGDPKKPRGKMSSYAFFVQTCREEHKKKHPDASVNFSEFSKKCSERWKT MSAKEKGKFEDMAKADKARYEREMKTYIPPKGETKKKFKDPNAPKRPPSAFFL FCSEYRPKIKGEHPGLSIGDVAKKLGEMWNNTAADDKQPYEKKAAKLKEKYEK DIAAYRAKGKPDAAKKGVVKAEKSKKKKEEEEDEEDEEDEEDEEDEEDEEDE DDDDE with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce TNF alpha in RAW264.7 cells. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is <10 $\mu g/mL$.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 200 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	 This product is stable after storage at: -20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. -20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.





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