

IL-22 (Interleukin-22), Human

v. 231001

Catalog number	C01027-5UG / C01027-20UG / C01027-100UG
Package	5 µg / 20 µg / 100 µg
Description	Interleukin-22 (IL-22) a member of a group of cytokines called the IL-10 family or IL-10 superfamily (including IL-19, IL-20, IL-24, and IL-26), a class of potent mediators of cellular inflammatory responses. It shares use of IL-10R2 in cell signaling with other members of this family, IL-10, IL-26, IL-28A/B and IL-29. IL-22 is produced by activated NK and T cells and initiates innate immune responses against bacterial pathogens especially in epithelial cells such as respiratory and gut epithelial cells. IL-22 along with IL-17 is rapidly produced by splenic LTi-like cells and also produced by Th17 cells and likely plays a role in the coordinated response of both adaptive innate immune systems, autoimmunity and tissue regeneration.
Source	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
Sequence	MAPISHCRLDKSNFQQPYITNRTFMLAKEASLADNNTDVRLIGEKLFHGVSMS ERCYLMKQVLNFTLEEVLPQSDRFQPYMQEVVPPFLARLSNRLSTCHIEGDDL HIQRNVQKLKDTVKKLGESGEIKAIGELDLLFMSLRNACI with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in A549 cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <0.5 ng/mL.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H ₂ O to a concentration not less than 200 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	This product is stable after storage at: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. -20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.



SDS-PAGE analysis of recombinant human IL-22

For research use only.