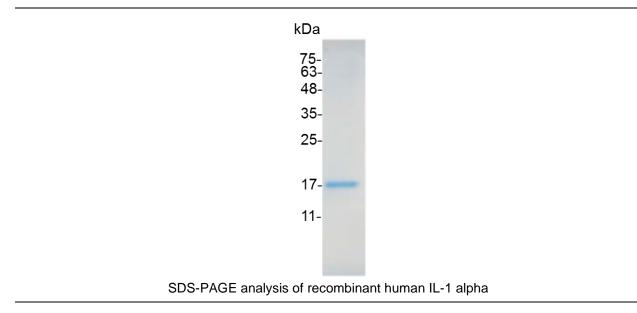


IL-1 alpha (Interleukin-1 alpha), Human

v. 231001

Catalog number	C01001-5UG / C01001-20UG / C01001-100UG
Package	5 µg / 20 µg / 100 µg
Description	Interleukin 1 alpha (IL-1 α) also known as hematopoietin 1 is a cytokine of the interleukin 1 family that in humans is encoded by the IL1A gene. IL-1 α is produced mainly by activated macrophages, as well as neutrophils, epithelial cells, and endothelial cells. It possesses metabolic, physiological, haematopoietic activities, and plays one of the central roles in the regulation of the immune responses. It binds to the interleukin-1 receptor. It is on the pathway that activates tumor necrosis factor-alpha.
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	MSAPFSFLSNVKYNFMRIIKYEFILNDALNQSIIRANDQYLTAAALHNLDEAVKFD MGAYKSSKDDAKITVILRISKTQLYVTAQDEDQPVLLKEMPEIPKTITGSETNLLF FWETHGTKNYFTSVAHPNLFIATKQDYWVCLAGGPPSITDFQILENQA with polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 μ g of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce D10.G4.1 cells proliferation. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is <10 pg/mL. The specific activity of recombinant human IL-1 alpha is approximately >1 $x10^8$ IU/mg.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Form	Lyophilized
Storage Buffer	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 200 µg/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Stability & Storage	 This product is stable after storage at: -20°C for 12 months in lyophilized state from date of receipt. -20°C or -80°C for 1 month under sterile conditions after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.





For research use only.