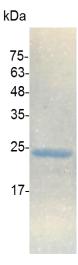
PRODUCT INFORMATION

IL-11 (Interleukin-11), Human

Catalog number	C01013-5UG / C01013-20UG / C01013-100UG
Package	5 μg / 20 μg / 100 μg
Description	IL-11 is a cytokine and first isolated in 1990 from bone marrow-derived fibrocyte-like stromal cells. It was initially thought to be important for hematopoiesis, notably for megakaryocyte maturation, but subsequently shown to be redundant for platelets, and for other blood cell types, in both mice and humans. It is also known under the names adipogenesis inhibitory factor (AGIF) and was developed as a recombinant protein (rhIL-11) as the drug substance oprelvekin.
Source	Escherichia coli
Sequence	PGPPPGPPRVSPDPRAELDSTVLLTRSLLADTRQLAAQLRDKFPADGDHNLDS LPTLAMSAGALGALQLPGVLTRLRADLLSYLRHVQWLRRAGGSSLKTLEPELGT LQARLDRLLRRLQLLMSRLALPQPPPDPPAPPLAPPSSAWGGIRAAHAILGGLH LTLDWAVRGLLLLKTRL with polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus
Endotoxin level	<0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.
Activity	Measure by its ability to induce T11 cells proliferation. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is < 0.2 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant human IL-11 is approximately >1 x 10^7 IU/mg.
Purity	>98% as determined by SDS-PAGE. Ni-NTA chromatography
Formulation	The protein was lyophilized from a solution containing 1X PBS, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized protein in sterile H_2O to a concentration not less than 100 μ g/mL and incubate the stock solution for at least 20 min to ensure sufficient re-dissolved.
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C. Upon reconstitution, protein aliquots should be stored at -20°C or -80°C.
Note	Please use within one month after protein reconstitution.



SDS-PAGE analysis of recombinant human IL-11

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